## Pedestrian Advisory Council

## Construction Barriers Briefing

Peter Baird





## ATD: Right Of Way Management Division



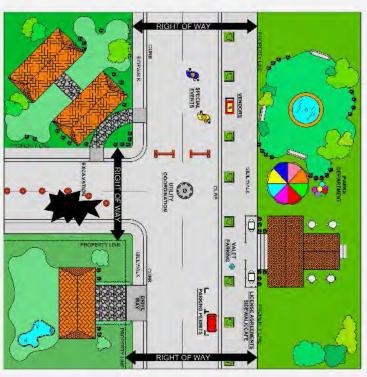
### RIGHT OF WAY MANAGEMENT

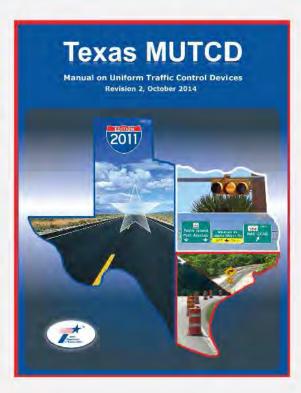
The Right of Way Management Division provides traffic planning and coordination for all activities in the right of way in order to ensure public safety and mobility. The City's right of way is typically the street surface, sidewalks and grassy areas between pavement and property lines.



## Austin TTC

Approved Temporary Traffic Control Plan







Emmotion of Architectural Samers
Texas Government Code: SI aplan 468
Administrated by the Texas Department of Licer sing and Regulation

Effective March 15, 2012

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P O Box 12457 Austin TX 15711
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920 Colonido Street Austin TX 15701
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### National Good Practice

### TEMPORARY PEDESTRIAN FACILITIES HANDBOOK





June 2014

### Pedestrian Considerations during Planning and Design

### Planning

- Provide a safe, convenient travel path for pedestrians that replicates as nearly as possible the most desirable characteristics of the existing sidewalks or footpaths throughout all phases of construction.
- Avoid creating pedestrian paths that lead pedestrians into direct conflicts with work site vehicles, equipment, operations.
- Avoid creating pedestrian paths that lead pedestrians into direct conflicts with mainline traffic moving through or around the work site.
- Determine the TTC impact on pedestrians, including significant generators such as schools, senior centers, transit stops and shopping areas.
  - Determine the level of accessibility needed for pedestrians in the TTC zone through observing existing pedestrian
    travel patterns, and make accommodations prior to the start of work. Consider meeting with local community
    organizations (i.e., local blind organization, city ADA coordinator, etc.) through open houses to address concerns
    and needs. Develop outreach products available in the appropriate formats for those with specials needs.
- Assess the TTC impact on existing pedestrian flow.
  - Ensure that temporary facilities replicate as nearly as practical the accessibility features present in the existing pedestrian facility when the existing facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone.

### Design

- Provide pedestrian information throughout the TTC zone.
  - Provide advance information, transition information, work area information, and ingress and egress directions for pedestrians. See Accommodating Pedestrians in Work Zones brochure developed by FHWA; FHWA-SA-03-011.
- The TTC pedestrian accommodation that utilizes a temporary route does the following:
  - . Defines detoured routes clearly.
  - Provides advance signage at intersections rather than mid-block locations.
  - Separates pedestrians from vehicle traffic.
  - . Avoids mid-block crossings
  - . Ensures that temporary routes are not much longer than the original route:
  - Provides clear and positive guidance to delineate a temporary route.
  - Provides continuous access to transit stops and/or relocates transit stops.
- Maintain a continuous accessible path of travel either around or through the construction site throughout all construction phases.
- Ensure compliance with Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) of 1990 requirements,
  - Provide an alternate route when existing pedestrian facilities are disrupted, closed, or relocated in a TTC zone.
     Temporary facilities should replicate the features present in the existing pedestrian facility.
  - Ensure a minimum sidewalk width of 36" (a 48" width is desirable), erect ourb remps, and provide passing space (minimum 5 foot by 5 foot space every 200 feet).
  - Maintain a minimum width and smooth surface to avoid creating tripping danger and to minimize barriers to wheelchair use. This includes providing ADA compliant facilities.
  - Make all barriers and channelizing devices detectable for pedestrians with visual disabilities. Note that the use
    of caution tape stretched between traffic control devices is not adequate and not acceptable.
  - Consider using additional devices for visual disabilities, such as audible information devices or accessible pedestrian signal.
- Maintain pedestrian access to businesses, residences, transit stops, etc.
- Provide temporary nighttime lighting for pedestrian walkways throughout the TTC zone.



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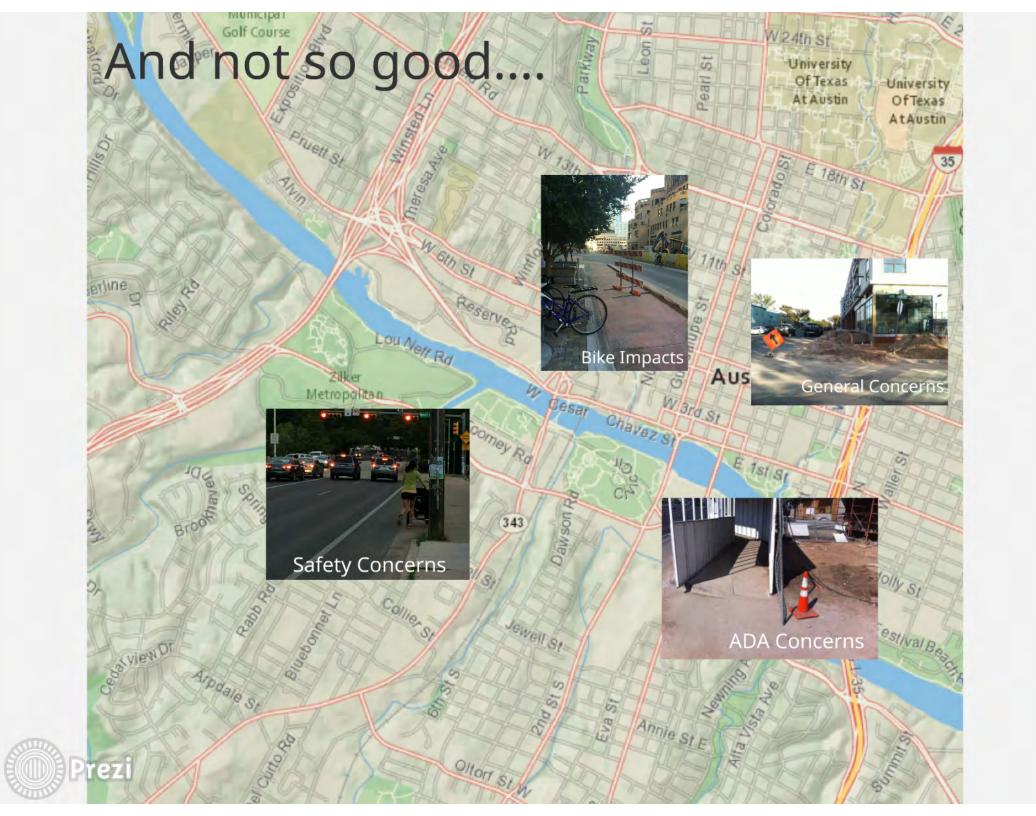
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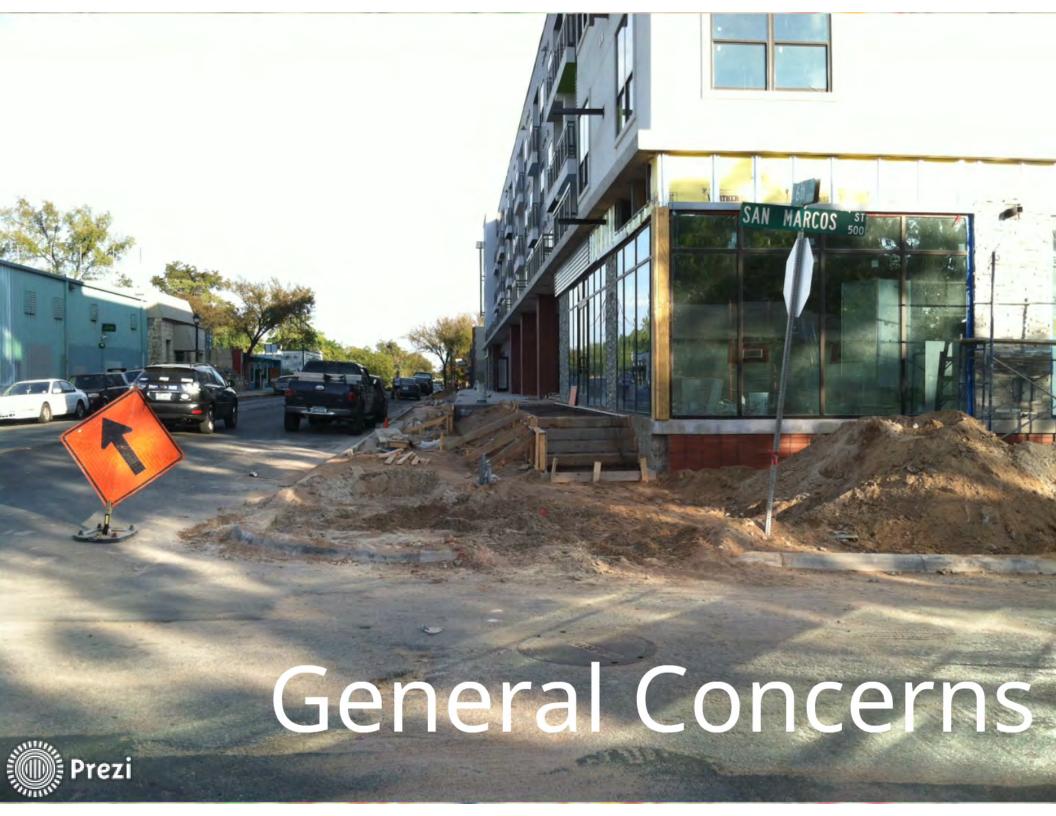
# Photograph Good Examples CONSTRUCTION

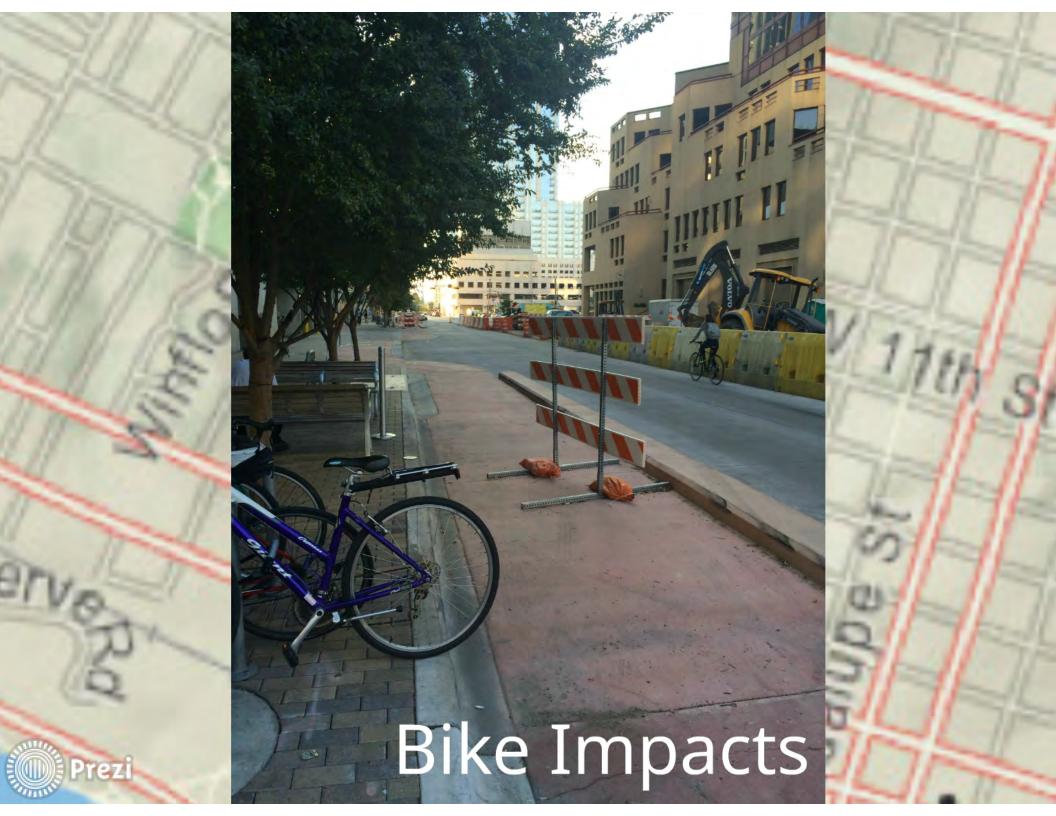


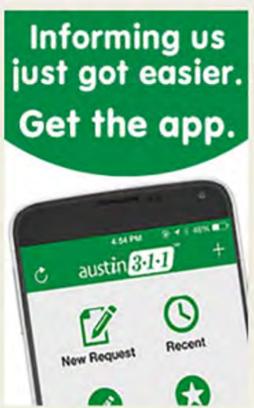














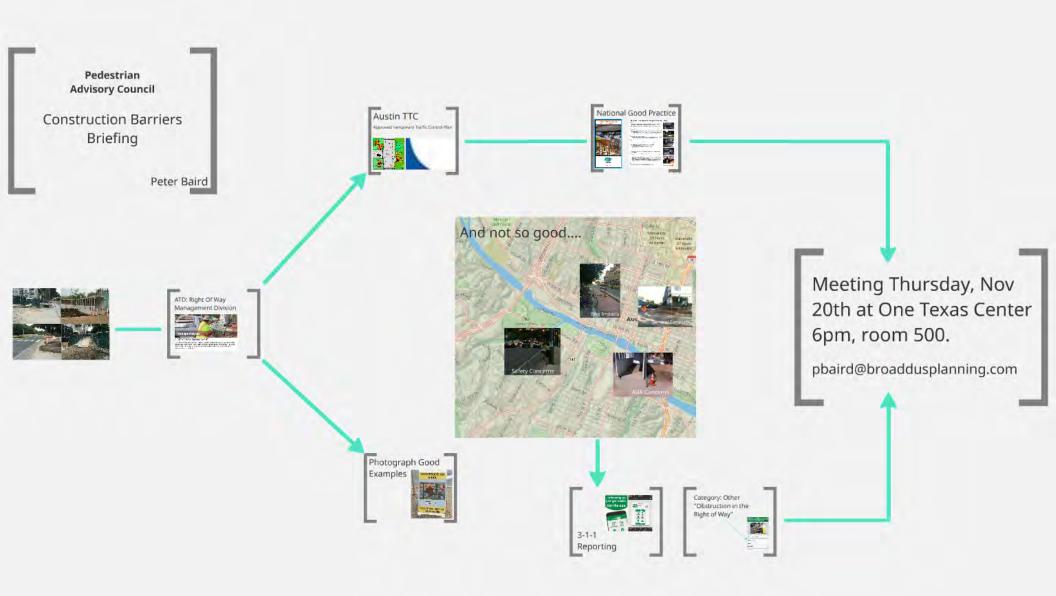
3-1-1 Reporting



# Category: Other "Obstruction in the Right of Way"









## Meeting Thursday, Nov 20th at One Texas Center 6pm, room 500.

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